IN THE SUPREME COURT OF MISSISSIPPI BEFORE THE MISSISSIPPI COURT OF APPEALS

FERDINAND MCAFEE

APPELLANT

VS.

CASE NUMBER: 2010 - CA - 01282

RODRIGO GALVEZ, M.D.; BRENTWOOD BEHAVIORAL HEALTHCARE OF MISSISSIPPI; JOHN DOE INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS 1 THROUGH 10 AND JOHN DOE CORPORATE DEFENDANTS 1 THROUGH 10

APPELLEE

BRIEF OF APPELLANT

SUBMITTED BY

BRANDON I. DORSEY, PLLC POST OFFICE BOX 13427 JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39236 - 3427 TELEPHONE: (601) 605 - 9006 FACSIMILE: (601) 605 - 9353

CERTIFICATE OF INTERESTED PERSONS

The undersigned counsel of record for Appellant, namely Ferdinand McAfee, hereby certify that the following list of parties have an interest in the outcome of the instant criminal action. These representations are made in order that the Judges of this Honorable Court may evaluate the possible disqualification(s) and/or recusal pursuant to Rule 28.1.1 of the Mississippi Rules Of Appellate Procedure, to wit:

- 1. Ferdinand McAfee, Appellant
- Whit Johnson, III., Esquire CURRIE JOHNSON GRIFFIN GAINES & MYERS Post Office Box 750 Jackson, Mississippi 39205 - 0750
- John D. Price, Esquire
 WISE CARTE CHILD & CARAWAY
 Post Office Box 651
 Jackson, Mississippi 39205 0651
- Honorable William E. Chapman, III.
 CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE DISTRICT # 20
 Post Office Box 1626
 Canton, Mississippi 39046
- Carol B. Swiley, Clerk
 CIRCUIT COURT OF RANKIN COUNTY
 Post Office Box 1599
 Brandon, Mississippi 39043

6. Brandon I. Dorsey, Esquire
BRANDON I. DORSEY, PLLC
Post Office Box 13427
Jackson, Mississippi 39236 - 3427
Attorney Appointed For Appellant

Respectfully submitted,

FERDINAND MCAFEE, APPELLANT

BY:

Brandon J. Dowey BRANDON I. DORSEY, MSB # 100291

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT

STATEMENT REGARDING ORAL ARGUMENTS

Appellant, Ferdinand McAfee, by and through the undersigned attorney of record, namely Brandon I. Dorsey, BRANDON I. DORSEY, PLLC, Post Office Box 13427, Jackson, Mississippi 39236 - 3427, does not request that this Honorable Court grant oral argument in these premises.

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TABLE OF AUTHORITIES

CASE LAW

- 1. Brown v. Credit Center, Inc., 444 So.2d 358 (Miss. 1983).
- 2. Doe v. Stegall, 757 So.2d 204 (Miss. 2000).
- 3. Donald v. Reeves Transport Co., 538 So. 2d 1191, 1195 (Miss. 1989)
- 4. Owen v. Pringle, 612 So.2d 668 (Miss. 1993)
- 5. Pearl River County Board v. South East Collection, 459 So.2d 783, 785 (Miss. 1984)
- 6. Smith v. Sanders, 485 So.2d 1051, 1054 (Miss. 1986)

STATUTES / RULES

1. Rule 56 Of The Mississippi Rules Of Civil Procedure

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APPELLEE

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUES

I. WHETHER THE LOWER COURT ERRED IN GRANTING SUMMARY JUDGMENT OF AND AGAINST APPELLANT

STATEMENT OF THE CASE

A. NATURE OF THE CASE

The instant case is submitted to this Honorable Court to determine whether the lower court erred in granting summary judgment of and against Appellant, namely Ferdinand McAfee.

B. FACTS OF THE CASE

That Appellant asserted in his Complaint that he was admitted to Brentwood on or about July 19, 2006 complaining of not being able to sleep due to receiving a decadron shot from MEA. Initially, he presented to St. Dominic, but was refused treatment and was subsequently removed from "that" facility. Subsequent thereto, he

presented to Brentwood, but was negligently diagnosed as a paranoid schizophrenic, despite Dr. Galvez and Dr. Gupta failing to complete the necessary battery of examinations in order to accurately proffer such diagnosis.

That as a result of this incorrect diagnosis, Appellees caused Appellant's employer, namely WAPT, to become advised of "the diagnosis" in violation of the applicable provisions of HIPPA, and as a direct and proximate result therefrom, WAPT refused Appellant's continued employment with their company.

C. STANDARD FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Summary judgment shall be entered if the pleadings, depositions, answers to interrogatories and admissions on file, together with affidavits, if any, show that there is no genuine as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. A summary judgment motion is the functional equivalent of a motion for directed verdict and merely occurs at an earlier stage in the proceedings. Smith v. Sanders, 485 So.2d 1051, 1054 (Miss. 1986); Brown v. Credit Center, Inc., 444 So.2d 358 (Miss. 1983).

Summary judgment is only proper only where there is no genuine issue of material fact and the movement is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law. Owen v. Pringle, 612 So.2d 668 (Miss. 1993). The party seeking summary judgment bears the burden of showing that there is no genuine issue of material fact to be tried. Pearl River

County Board v. South East Collection, 459 So.2d 783, 785 (Miss. 1984). That a motion for summary judgment lies only where there is no genuine issue of material fact; summary judgment is not a substitute for the trial of disputed issues. When doubt exists concerning whether there is a fact issue, the non-moving party should be given the benefit of every reasonable doubt. Donald v. Reeves Transport Co., 538 So. 2d 1191, 1195 (Miss. 1989). The Mississippi Supreme Court has acknowledged that a trial judge has some discretion in determining whether to grant summary judgment, holding "even where the moving party seems to have discharged the burden of demonstrating that no genuine issue of material fact exists, the trial judge is not required to grant summary judgment." Donald v. Reeves Co., 538 So.2d 1191 (Miss. 1989). Moreover, the Court has opined that "if there is to be error at the trial level, it should be in denying summary judgment and in favor of a full trial. Id. 538 So.2d 1195. See also, Doe v. Stegall, 757 So.2d 204 (Miss. 2000).

ARGUMENT

Appellant asserts that the lower court erred in granting summary judgment in these premises. Appellant contends that he consulted with an expert, qualified to testify, in accordance with applicable rules that Defendants breached the required standard of care. There is no dispute that Appellant maintained a doctor - patient relationship with Appellees. There is no dispute that Appellees owed Appellant a duty

to exercise the standard of care required under existing applicable law. Moreover,

Appellant asserts that he disclosed the identity of such expert to Defendants as well as
tendered in his response to Pleadings that such expert opined that Defendants breached
the applicable standard of care.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Appellant asserts the lower court has erred and should therefore, be reversed and same shall be rendered and/or in the alternative remanded to the lower court.

Respectfully submitted,

FERDNAND MCAFEE, APPELLANT

BY:

BRANDON I. DORSEY, MSB # . ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDAN'I

OF COUNSEL:

BRANDON I. DORSEY, PLLC POST OFFICE BOX 13427 JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 39236 - 3427

TELEPHONE: (601)605-9006 FACSIMILE: (601)605-9353

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Brandon I. Dorsey, do hereby certify that I have on this day caused to be served, via United States mail, postage prepaid, a true and correct copy of the above and foregoing document to the following person:

Whit Johnson, III., Esquire CURRIE JOHNSON GRIFFIN GAINES & MYERS Post Office Box 750 Jackson, Mississippi 39205 - 0750

> John D. Price, Esquire WISE CARTE CHILD & CARAWAY Post Office Box 651 Jackson, Mississippi 39205 - 0651

SO CERTIFIED, this the 4th day of January of 2011

BRANDON I, DORSEY